

ment has enforced that decision ever since.

LaRouche had just received the security arrangements he required to visit Brazil in June, and the potential of a similar trip to Mexico, where he was to join López Portillo at the podium, panicked Wall Street. LaRouche's influence throughout Ibero-America is now greater than it was during 1982, when he was a folk hero for his support for Argentina in its Malvinas War with Great Britain, support which was premised on the foreign policy precedent of Secretary of State John Quincy Adams' famous Monroe Doctrine. At the height of the war, in May 1982, LaRouche gave a press conference at the Los Pinos Presidential residence in Mexico, following a meeting with López Portillo, and there proposed Argentina drop the "debt bomb" against Great Britain, as the only effective way to defeat British imperialism's drive to establish the precedent of NATO forces using out-of-area deployments to collect the debt of the Third World.

Attending the Guadalajara conference were a Brazilian delegation led by the former deputy commander of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, Adm. (ret.) Sergio Tasso, as well as the head of the Argentine National Identity and Ibero-American Movement associated with Seineldin, Maj. (ret.) Adrian Romero Mundani.

Persian, or Iranian, language), like *Jamei Jami*, and others.

Muriel Mirak Weissbach, of *Executive Intelligence Review* magazine, accompanied Mrs. Robinson, and took part in the interviews.

Mrs. Robinson was received by the Vice President in Communications and International Affairs of IRIB, Mohammad Honardoost; by Dr. Hossein M.M. Sadeghi, Dean of the Faculty of Judicial Sciences and Administrative Services; by Mrs. Soujaraee, Vice President of Iran for Women's Affairs; and by two women members of Parliament, Mrs. Rezazadeh and Mrs. Mosavari Manesh.



ERNS/Samuel P. Dixon

Reporters crowd Lyndon LaRouche at the conclusion of Whittier, California press conference.

LaRouche Keynotes Conference On Re-Emergence of China

Presidential candidate Lyndon LaRouche was the keynote speaker at a conference on China on August 17, sponsored by the Institute of Sino Strategic Studies (ISSS) in Whittier, California. The "Seventh Annual Conference on the Re-Emergence of China" was attended by scholars, intellectuals, and political activists from the United States, Taiwan, and the People's Republic of China.

LaRouche's speech was titled "China in a Changing World," and addressed the effects of the current global financial and strategic crisis on China, and the implications of this crisis on relations between the U.S. and China. His keynote was backed up by additional presentations by Schiller Institute scientific adviser Dr. Jonathan Tennenbaum on U.S.-China economic relations, and by its founder, Helga Zepp LaRouche, on the Eurasian Land-Bridge.

The Consul General of the People's Republic of China, Zhong Jian Hua, sponsored the pre-conference reception, at which he and Lyndon LaRouche gave remarks.

LaRouche's keynote was delivered before approximately 70 members and guests of the ISSS. He was introduced by the conference co-chairman, Dr. Wenji Victor Chang. The introduction of LaRouche, and statements from the other participants, showed the high esteem in which he is held among the conference organizers. Dr. Tie Lin Yin, for example, a leading advocate of peaceful Chinese reunification, referred to LaRouche as "the distinguished thinker," adding that, to him, there is no higher designation than that.

Participants in the conference included officials from the All-China Federation of Taiwan Compatriots; the Association for Relations Across the Taiwan Straits; the China Association for the Promotion of Culture; the Institute of American Studies of the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences; and the Alliance for the Reunification of China.

More than 10 news services with correspondents in California attended the Institute press conference preceding the opening of the meeting.