Lyndon LaRouche addressed two meetings at the prestigious Palazzo dei Giureconsulti in the center of Milan, Italy on March 21-22. The first, a dinner organized by a leading regional legislator in the Lombardy area, consisted of about 100 representatives of political, business, and professional circles from the region. The second, a public event organized by the entrepreneurs’ association “Iniziativa Italia,” was attended by over 100 businessmen, press, students, and supporters of the LaRouche movement in Italy.

LaRouche, whose fight for a new, just economic system and global development has been well known in Italy for nearly 30 years, also had an official meeting March 22 with the Presidency of the Lombard regional Parliament, including a delegation of regional legislators from both the government and opposition parties.

At both events, as well as in several private meetings, LaRouche emphasized the importance of entrepreneurship as a driving force for economic development, as opposed to the model of the corporate manager, who is oriented toward finance and the marketplace—a model which is now going down the drain along with the bankrupt international financial system. Small and medium-sized businesses, with their orientation toward advancing productive technologies, form the perfect complement to the large-scale infrastructure projects that are at the center of LaRouche’s proposals for rebuilding the world economy, as exemplified in his Eurasian Land-Bridge proposal.

Key to the role of the production-oriented entrepreneur, said LaRouche, is the goal of promoting the common good. Thus, as opposed to those who seek to maximize short-term financial profits, small and medium-sized businesses must be oriented toward creating jobs and real value in the economy.

LaRouche was very well received at both events, with many of the participants thanking him for his courage in waging an international fight for these ideas. Danilo Broggi, the president of Milan’s Association of Small Enterprises, introduced LaRouche by saying that if he had to condense LaRouche’s economic views into a slogan, it would be, “More production and less finance.” He also concluded the meeting with a statement that his positive impression of LaRouche had been strengthened, and that the central message of the meeting had been the ability of the economic system, and the building of infrastructure, to contribute to the common good.

Arab Oil Conference
‘The Mideast As A Crossroad’

Lyndon LaRouche was a featured speaker at a June 1-2 conference on “The Role of Oil and Gas in World Politics,” held in Abu Dhabi in the United Arab Emirates. LaRouche’s presentation, “The Middle East as a Strategic Crossroad,” went to the heart of the only strategy for breaking out of perpetual war and developing the region. He told the 150 leading Arabs and others present, that fresh water development was more crucial even than oil to the region’s future; and that new Land-Bridge transportation corridors across Eurasia and into Africa were the key to its development.

In its Arabic-language press release, Abu Dhabi’s influential Zayed Centre for Coordination and Follow-Up (ZCCF), which hosted LaRouche, announced that “the conference would be an appropriate opportunity for the attendance by the major American

Brazil: LaRouche

In a solemn ceremony June 12, Lyndon H. LaRouche, Jr. was awarded honorary citizenship of Sao Paulo by the City Council of that city of more than 18 million people, the third largest in the world. LaRouche was invited to Brazil to receive this honor by Dr. Havanir Nimtz, the principal representative on the Sao Paulo City Council of the PRONA party, founded by Dr. Eneas Carneiro, one of Brazil’s preeminent cardiologists and a former Presidential candidate.

LaRouche and his wife Helga Zepp LaRouche, accompanied by Dr. Eneas, visited a plenary session of the City Council on June 12, and were introduced to the body by Councilwoman Havanir. The Council session was later formally suspended, in order to convene the special session awarding LaRouche his citizenship. After the official proclamation was handed to LaRouche, Dr. Havanir and Dr. Eneas each spoke about LaRouche’s work and contributions.

If there is to be hope for the world,
politician and a Presidential candidate in earlier and coming elections, Lyndon LaRouche. The invitation of the American Presidential candidate Lyndon LaRouche, according to the ZCCF, was extended to him as an appreciation of the positive stances expressed by LaRouche towards the causes of the Arab nation and the just causes in all parts of the world in general.”

LaRouche gave the second major presentation on the opening day of the conference, which drew energy ministers and other leaders from Mideast nations to Abu Dhabi. He concluded by telling them, “Under present conditions of general bankruptcy of the world’s financial system, while a large-scale reorganization of bankrupt assets is underway, the crucial margin of economic recovery will be the creation of new, low-cost, long-term credit, which will be initially inject-
ed, largely, for essential programs of long-term building of basic economic infrastructure. This investment in infrastructure will then cause expansion of agricultural and industrial development. This investment must be supplied largely by perfectly sovereign nation-states, under terms of simple interest for loans of up to a quarter-century or greater maturity. Under these conditions, there must be a greatly increased flow of high

A Crossroad’

the United States has to be brought back to its senses, Mrs. LaRouche said in brief remarks during the ceremony. There are two Americas: that which continues the intellectual tradition of its Founding Fathers, and that of the Tories, still allied to the British Empire. The decision to grant honorary citizenship to my husband, she said, sends the most powerful possible message about which United States the world wants.

LaRouche gave three additional public addresses during his week-long visit to Brazil. His first, on “The Global Systemic Crisis and the End of ‘Free Trade,’” was given at a forum sponsored by the Alumni Association of the Superior War College (ADESG), held in the auditorium of the Latin American Parliament in Sao Paulo on June 11. Former Superior War College director Gen. Oswaldo Muniz Oliva, and Cong. Marcos Cintra, who currently heads the Congressional committee which deals with the negotiations for the Free Trade Agreement of the Americas (FTAA), offered their comments following LaRouche’s remarks.

On June 13, LaRouche was the featured speaker at a business luncheon sponsored by the Sao Paulo Commercial Association. The following day, he keynoted the Fifth “Brazil-Argentina: The Moment of Truth” Seminar, orga-
sored by the Schiller Institute, whose members are from Duesseldorf and Wiesbaden, and a small theatre group, led by Iraj Zohari, which presented excerpts from the fairy tale “Turandot,” after Elias ben Nezami.

those military and elected officials who, despite overwhelming evidence presented by medical and psychological experts, and despite the empirical experience of a widespread desensitization among youths, did nothing to halt this process of degeneration. Indeed, one cannot help but get the impression that this process was intentionally encouraged. After all, how could global military operations be carried out, if it weren’t for a steady supply of emotionally immature, trigger-happy young recruits?

Spiritual Demoralization

This plague of violence-glorifying horror films and computer games has now spread around the globe. The fact is likewise inescapable, that this has led to a dangerous state of spiritual desolation and demoralization among a large percentage of those who consume these media products.

A ban on violent videos, and cooperation with responsible representatives of the media, are correct and necessary measures. But these alone will not be sufficient to block access via the Internet or across national borders, nor will it succeed in reversing the effect of those products which are already circulating among our young people, and generally in the population.

Therefore, Germany should propose that the United Nations establish an international protocol for the banning of these violence-glorifying videos.

And, secondly, we will only be able to heal the damage that has already been done in our country, by returning immediately to an educational policy based on the Christian-humanist image of man, in the tradition of Wilhelm von Humboldt. That is the only way we will be able to give our children and young people the spiritual strength to reject these bestial conceptions on their own.

Middle East

Continued from page 83

technology to regions and localities of the world in which there is critical lack of sufficient technological inputs.

“These measures must be adopted,” LaRouche said, “not as a matter of taste, but as a matter of survival.”

The Zayed Centre conference was extensively covered throughout the Arab world. Dubai’s Business Satellite Channel featured clips of LaRouche speaking, and said, “The discussion was dominated by the events of Sept. 11.” Egypt’s Al-Hayat cited at length LaRouche’s warnings of financial crash and proposals for reorganization of the financial system with long-term credit and trade agreements.

Sao Paulo

Continued from page 83

organized jointly by his associates in the Ibero-American Solidarity Movement (MSIA), and the Ibero-American Integration and Identity Movement (MINEII) founded by friends of Argentine Colonel Mohamed Ali Seineldin. The seminar, held at the auditorium of the ADESG in Sao Paulo, opened with a public exchange of ideas between LaRouche and Col. Seineldin, the latter speaking by telephone from his military prison in Argentina.

Helga Zepp LaRouche opened the second panel of this seminar with a presentation on the strategic importance of the Eurasian Land-Bridge for the integration of Ibero-America. Dr. Vasco de Azevedo Neto, former federal Congressman and Presidential candidate, followed her, speaking on the necessity of completing the Great Waterway, his name for the long-overdue project to link the Orinoco, Amazon, and La Plata river basins of South America.

During their visit, Mrs. LaRouche was also invited by the Sao Paulo State Appellate Criminal Court to discuss the threat of the New Violence, and her proposal for international legal action banning the most violent video games [SEE Box, facing page].