the LaRouche movement was significant enough to prompt this bizarre and elaborate contrivance, which was coordinated with Soviet attacks on LaRouche and their demand that action be taken against him in the U.S. This vicious falsehood was broadcast by NBC and became a critical aspect of attempts to destroy movement finances at the very time the loans in question were coming due. In September 1992, Don Moore, an integral part of the prosecution team, was arrested and charged with conspiracy to kidnap and depogram LaRouche associates. The facts surrounding this criminal plot call into further question the misconduct of the prosecution team. In October 1992, an FOIA release was received which indicates that Elizabeth Sexton, a critical Government witness, was acting as an agent of the Government during times relevant to this case, a fact she denied and the Government covered up at trial.”

Ten Major Errors

The new appeal exhaustively documents ten major errors which Bryan made in his denial of the new-evidence motion, each of which is grounds to free the former presidential candidate. The errors range from Bryan’s failure to recuse himself, to his failure to either overturn LaRouche’s conviction or, in the alternative, to grant him discovery and hearings, on nine substantive issues backed by new evidence.

The topics these nine issues cover range from the bad-faith bankruptcy action which shut down the companies which owed the loans; to the illegal government-private “concert of action” of the Anti-Defamation League of B’nai B’rith (ADL), American Israel Public Affairs Committee (AIPAC), John Train, journalists, et al., which plotted the prosecution; to the Ollie North-linked government “secret team” member who was foreman of LaRouche’s jury; to covert operations against LaRouche during the Reagan-Bush administration under Executive Order 12333 and other “national security” pretexts.

A decision on the appeal is expected early in 1993.

Civil Rights Alliance Forged

At a conference held in Kiedrich, Germany, Nov. 21-22, 1992, the American Civil Rights movement and the movement associated with Lyndon LaRouche, took the historic step of joining their forces in a new international Civil Rights movement. The name of the new alliance in Germany is Bürgerrechtsbewegung Solidarität (Civil Rights Movement Solidarity).

The American leaders present at the founding conference of the new movement included leading personalities who fought with Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. in the 1960’s, among them:

- Rev. James Bevel, founder of the Student Non-violent Coordinating Committee (SNCC) and Direct Action Coordinator for the Southern Christian leadership Conference (SCLC) and Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.;
- Rev. Wade Watts, former State President of the Oklahoma NAACP (1968-84);
- Joe Dickson, editor and publisher of the Birmingham World, the oldest and largest circulation African-American newspaper in Alabama;
- Rev. Richard Boone, Project Director for SCLC in Selma, Alabama and other locations under the personal leadership of Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.;
- Hadaasha Maryum, of Universal Human Rights for African People, Des Moines, Iowa.

Representatives of the LaRouche movement included Helga Zepp-LaRouche, founder of the Schiller Institute, as well as the national board and membership of the Patriots for Germany, which lent its institutional weight to the effort.

The decision to join forces, literally merging the two movements, was dictated by the urgency of the world strategic crisis, characterized by global
economic breakdown and consequent social upheaval, with the immediate threat of expanding wars. Leaders of the two movements concurred that an international Civil Rights movement must be established, to defend the fundamental, inalienable rights of all human beings, regardless of race, creed, or color, which are immediately threatened by the economic collapse.

The basic principle binding the two currents into one fighting force is that of the sacredness of the life of every individual, made in the living image of God, imago viva Dei.

The Cowardly Murders of Foreigners Must Be Stopped!

On November 24, 1992, Helga Zepp-LaRouche, founder of the Schiller Institute and chairman of the Civil Rights Movement Solidarity, issued the following declaration on the attacks on foreigners in Germany:

The cowardly and criminal arson attack in Mölln, in which two Turkish women and one young ten-year-old Turkish girl growing up in Germany were killed and nine other people were badly injured, must finally rouse citizens to action against these racist-chauvinist gangs. In the face of the more than three thousand attacks by autonomist and right-radical perpetrators of violence during this year, which have already claimed sixteen fatalities, the whole failure of the government led by Chancellor Kohl is apparent. These are the results of the debate on asylum which has been conducted by all the parties in a reprehensible way.

Over last weekend citizens joined together in a "Civil Rights Movement Solidarity," in order to oppose this ominous development in Germany. There we linked up closely with the Civil Rights movement of Martin Luther King, Jr. which fought for decades against racism between whites and blacks, and against the influence of the Ku Klux Klan in the United States.

For the restoration of internal peace in Germany the following measures must be taken:

- The safety of those foreigners living in Germany must be protected under all circumstances. For that purpose the local police forces need the broad support of the population. The fact that the greatest number of attacks occurs in states led by the SPD, shows the bankruptcy of the "soft line," which has stood in the way of the police requirements during the past years. These requirements include a functioning registration service, which includes the still unknown perpetrating circles and persons; these include protective custody and severe punishment of deeds which involved bodily injury and murder.

- Federal legal measures and competent state legal measures must rigorously uncover, stop, and punish the men behind the right-radical terrorism, including the involvement of foreign intelligence services in their organization and propaganda work. The examples of connections of neo-Nazi groups to KKK leaders and skinheads increase, without the circles of persons who have been known for years being prosecuted.

This is even more important, because the huge campaign of filth, which was fomented by British and American press outlets after reunification, against a supposed "re-strengthening Fourth Reich," receives its propagandistic effectiveness for the first time through the bloody provocations from the neo-Nazi and autonomist scene.

- In the longer view however, the production of internal peace in Germany depends on a decisive change in course away from the failed economic and foreign policy of the federal government since reunification: in the face of the world economic crisis, the murderous policy of free trade at any price and of wholesale privatization under IMF conditions must finally be abolished. The seven million unemployed or underemployed people in eastern and western Germany must find work in large-scale Eurasian construction projects. Not shrinkage, but construction in the East and in the South of the world, must determine the course of the next years. If I were in the government, I would immediately tomorrow submit an appropriate construction and investment plan, and call upon the ministers to make the cooperation of Germany in the international governing bodies of the European Community, GATT, or the Group of Seven dependent upon whether the fundamental direction of world economic policy is changed in the direction of a policy of construction.

This change in course must also find expression in bringing about an end to the war in former Yugoslavia, which has robbed many people of the last hope for humanity from the German people. The new "Civil Rights Movement Solidarity" wants to contribute with all its strength to restoring in Germany constitutional rights, the fundamental human rights, and here first and foremost the inviolability of life.